



## **Oakridge Primary School**

### **Relationships and Sex Education Policy (as part of PSHE)**

Adopted:	Feb 27 <sup>th</sup> 2023
Chair of Full Governors :	Mrs S Wilson
Next review date:	Feb 27 <sup>th</sup> 2024

#### **Introduction**

Oakridge Primary School considers that Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) is an integral part of the Personal, Social and Health Education (PSHE) and Citizenship curriculum, and is linked to that for Science. We aim to offer pupils a carefully planned programme on human development, relationships, sexuality and family life within a safe, comfortable atmosphere and in a relaxed relationship between teacher and pupil. The programme is set within a moral framework and matched to the pupils' level of maturity. This policy reflects the requirements of the DFE Sex and Relationship Guidance.

#### **Aims**

- To have the confidence and self-esteem to value themselves and others
- To understand about the range of relationships, including the importance of family for the care and support of children
- To develop confidence in talking, listening and thinking about feelings and relationships
- To be able to name parts of the body and describe how their bodies work
- To be prepared for puberty
- To understand the consequences of their actions and behave responsibly within relationships
- To be able to recognise unsafe situations and be able to protect themselves and ask for help and support

#### **Objectives**

Relationships Education will put in place the building blocks needed for positive and safe relationships, including with family, friends and online.

Your child will be taught what a relationship is, what friendship is, what family means and who can support them. Children will be taught that others' families, either in school

or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care. We aim to provide accurate information and to help to develop skills to enable them to understand differences and respect themselves and others. We hope to prevent and remove prejudice as well as promoting the British values of tolerance and mutual respect. RSE should contribute to promoting the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at school and within society, thus preparing them for the responsibilities and experiences of adult life. We will work towards this aim in partnership with parents/carers.

### **Teaching and Learning including delivery of the Curriculum**

We teach RSE through different aspects of the curriculum and carry out the main RSE teaching in our PSHE curriculum. We have adopted the Jigsaw scheme of work to help deliver the learning. Learning is delivered by the class teacher although when children learn sex education in Y5 and Y6, a PHSE consultant may lead the learning in conjunction with the class teacher.

Since RSE incorporates the development of self-esteem and relationships, pupils' learning does not just take place through the taught curriculum but through all aspects of school life including the playground. It is important then that all staff understand they have a responsibility to implement this policy and promote the aims of the school at any time they are dealing with children.

### **Science Curriculum**

Early Years Foundation Stage children learn about life cycles. Through on-going personal, social and emotional development they develop the skills to form relationships and think about relationships with others.

#### **In Key Stage 1 children learn:**

- That animals including humans, move, feed, grow and use their senses and reproduce
- To recognise and compare the main external parts of the bodies of humans
- That humans and animals can reproduce offspring and these grow into adults
- To recognise similarities and differences between themselves and others
- To treat others with sensitivity
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#### **In Key Stage 2 children learn:**

- That the life processes common to humans and other animals including nutrition, growth and reproduction
- About the main stages of the human life cycle

*“It is important that the transition phase before moving to secondary school supports pupils’ ongoing emotional and physical development effectively. The Department continues to recommend therefore that all primary schools should have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils. It should ensure that both boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings and – drawing on knowledge of the human life cycle set out in the national curriculum for science - how a baby is conceived and born.” (DFE guidance 2020)*

In Year 5 we place a particular emphasis on RSE, as many children begin to experience puberty at this age. We teach the children about the parts of the body and how they work. We also explain what will happen to their bodies during puberty. We encourage the children to ask for help if they need it and there are opportunities for single sex question sessions. Teachers do their best to answer all questions with sensitivity and care. By the end of Key Stage 2, we ensure that both boys and girls know how babies are born, how their bodies change during puberty, what menstruation is, and how it affects women. We always teach these with due regard for the emotional development of the children (as stated earlier in this policy).

The following outlines the content of the delivery for boys and girls in Y5 and Y6.

	<b>Boys</b>	<b>Girls</b>
<b>Year 5</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Body parts – male and female</li> <li>• Periods</li> <li>• What happens to boys during puberty?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Body parts – male and female</li> <li>• Periods</li> <li>• Dealing with periods</li> <li>• What else happens to girls during puberty?</li> </ul>
<b>Year 6</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recap Year 5 learning</li> <li>• Conception</li> <li>• Consent</li> <li>• Pregnancy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recap Year 5 learning</li> <li>• Conception</li> <li>• Consent</li> <li>• Pregnancy</li> </ul>

### **The Role of Parents**

The school is well aware that the primary role in children’s RSE lies with parents and carers. We wish to build a positive and supporting relationship with the parents of children at our school through mutual understanding, trust and co-operation. In promoting this objective we:

- Inform parents about the school’s RSE policy and practice
- Answer any questions that parents may have about the RSE of their child

- Take seriously any issue that parents raise with teachers or governors about this policy or the arrangements for RSE in the school
- Parents have the right to withdraw their children from those aspects of Sex and Relationship education, not included in the Science Curriculum or the Health objectives from the RSE and health curriculum (from September 2020). However this rarely happens, by working in partnership with parents they recognise the importance of this aspect of their child's education
- If parents/carers do request their child be removed from these lessons, then that child will be provided with alternative work, linked with the PSHE and Citizenship programme, and be invited to join another class for that session
- Parents will be informed at least 10 days before the sex education sessions are due to take place, in order that parents have sufficient time to contact the class teacher to discuss their child withdrawing from the session - if parents do not contact the class teacher, the child will take part in the sex education session

### **The Role of the Headteacher**

It is the responsibility of the Headteacher to:

- Ensure that parents and staff are informed about our RSE policy
- The policy is implemented effectively
- Ensure that members of staff are given sufficient training, so that they can teach effectively and handle any difficult issues with sensitivity
- Monitor this policy on a regular basis and reports to governors on the effectiveness of the policy

### **The Role of the School and Other Members of the Community**

The school liaises with external agencies regarding the school RSE programme, and ensures that all adults who work with children on these issues are aware of the school policy, and that they work within this framework.

### **Confidentiality**

Teachers conduct sex education lessons in a sensitive manner. However, if a child makes a reference to being involved, or likely to be involved in sexual activity, then the teacher will take the matter seriously and deal with it as a matter of child protection. Teachers will respond in a similar way if a child indicates that they may have been a victim of abuse. In these circumstances, the teacher will talk to the child as a matter of urgency. If the teacher has concerns, they will draw these to the attention of the designated person responsible for child protection.

Legally, the school cannot offer or guarantee absolute confidentiality. We aim to ensure that pupils' best interests are maintained and try to encourage pupils to talk to their parents or carers to provide support. If confidentiality has to be broken, then

pupils are informed first and then supported by the designated teacher throughout the whole process.

### **Special Needs**

Pupils with special educational needs will be given the opportunity to fully participate in RSE lessons, and a differentiated programme will be provided where necessary, to ensure that all pupils gain a full understanding.

### **Equal Opportunities**

RSE will be given to ensure quality of access for all pupils, regardless of gender, race or disability, so giving equal opportunities and avoiding discrimination.

### **Monitoring and Evaluation**

The Curriculum Committee of the governing body monitors our sex education programme and policy on an annual basis. This committee reports its findings and recommendations to the full governing body, as necessary, if the policy needs modification. The Curriculum Committee gives serious consideration to any comments from parents about the sex education in school, and makes a record of all such comments.